

## HOME WORK II, ANALYSIS I

**Due September 19.**

1. Construct an explicit bijection between sets  $A \times B$  and  $B \times A$ .
2. Let  $A, B, C$  be sets (not necessarily finite!). Show that the sets  $(A^B)^C$  and  $A^{B \times C}$  have the same cardinality.
3. Let  $A, B, C$  be finite sets. Show that
  - a) For any  $a \notin A$  we have  $\text{card}(A \cup \{a\}) = \text{card}(A) + 1$ ;
  - b) If  $A \subset B$  then  $\text{card}(A) \leq \text{card}(B)$ ;
  - c)  $\text{card}(A \cup B) \leq \text{card}(A) + \text{card}(B)$ ;
  - c')  $\text{card}(A \cup B) = \text{card}(A) + \text{card}(B)$  if and only if  $A \cap B = \emptyset$ ;
  - d)  $\text{card}(A \times B) = \text{card}(A)\text{card}(B)$ .
4. Let  $A_1, \dots, A_n$  be finite sets such that  $\text{card}(\cup_{i=1}^n A_i) \geq n + 1$ . Show that for at least one  $i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$  we have  $\text{card}(A_i) \geq 2$ .
5. Recall that we say that  $\text{card}(A) \leq \text{card}(B)$  if there exists an injection from  $A$  to  $B$ . Prove that this introduces an order on the class of all sets. Hint: Theorem of Schroeder-Bernstein proved in class is allowed to quote directly.
6. Show that  $\sqrt[3]{17}$  is irrational.
7. Show that for rational numbers  $x, y$ , for a rational  $z \neq 0$ , and for positive rational  $\epsilon$ , one has the following implication: if  $|x - y| < \epsilon$  then  $|xz - yz| < \epsilon|z|$ .